

SYLLABUS OF THE SUBJECT: "ALBANIAN PUBLICISTICS"

Basic course data:		
University:	University "Ukshin Hoti" Prizren	
Faculty:	Faculty of Philology	
Subject title:	Albanian Publicistics	
Programme:	Albanian Language and Literature	
Level:	Bachelor	
Course status:	Elective (E)	
Year of the course:	Year II, Semester III	
Number of hours per week:	2 +1	
Value in CREDIT-ECTS:	3	
Time / location:	Winter semestër	
The subject teacher:	Prof.ass.dr. Manjola Brahaj Halili	
Contact:	manjola.brahaj@uni-prizren.com	
Course Description:	The program of this is built in such a way as to give the historical panorama of the development of the Albanian press in a chronological manner, focusing on the origin, the first publishing bodies, the first publicists, their role and importance. Then it continues with the development process of journalism, innovations, circumstances, changes, tendencies and features according to different periods and political-social conditions through which it goes. The time frame of this subject covers the beginnings of journalism up to Albanian journalism in the period of communism, and highlights the important values that journalism has had throughout the history of the Albanian nation, for the declaration of Independence, for the development of education and culture, for the construction and consolidation of politics and the state, for the control and expansion of power.	
Course objectives:	The purpose of this course is to shape students' knowledge of Albanian journalism; to acquaint them with the most important Albanian newspapers and magazines that have been published during different phases of the history of the Albanian press. This course aims to make the journalism published within the state borders of Albania known to the students, but also the journalism of the diaspora, as one of its most important developments, specifically that of; Italy, Bulgaria, Romania, America, Turkey and Egypt. As well as making it possible for students to acquire information about the role and importance of journalism in the presentation of historical events, the consolidation and achievement of Independence, the development of the state and coping with the most difficult situations through which the Albanian people have passed.	



Expected results: Student workload for the subject	 During and after completing this course, students will be able to: create and develop thinking about bodies main of Albanian journalism; create a hierarchy in terms of authorities Albanian journalism; appreciate the place that Albanian journalism has in cultural and social life; distinguish the different models of publishing in different historical and political circumstances judge and evaluate the role and value of main authorities of Albanian journalism; 		
Activity	Hours	Day/Week	Total
Lectures	2	15	30
Theoretical exercises /laboratory	1	15	15
Contacts with instructor/Consultations	1	10	10
Colloquiums, seminars	1	2	2
Home Works	1	2	2
Independent study (in the library, at home)	-	-	-
Preparation for the final test	1	10	10
Time spent in assessment (tests, quizzes)	-	-	-
Projects, presentations, etc	1	5	5
Total			75 hours (3 ECTS)
Teaching methodology:	The lectures will be organized in the interactive or combined model as: explanation - clarification, exercises, textual and scientific analysis, discussions, group work, demonstrations and interpretations, presentations and reviews ideas, creative and self-researching designs, etc. These will be the main part for the evaluation work and the way or the methodology of the lecturer.		
Evaluation methodology:	 Student evaluation is based on work, activation, attendance, collequiums and the paper presented at the end of the semester. 1. First rating: 1- 3 % 2. Second rating: 1-35 % 3. Students presentations: 10 %, 4. Regular attendance: 20 % 5. Total: 100 % 		



	Evaluation in points: 01-50= 5, 51-60 = 6, 61-70 = 7, 71-80 = 8, 81-90 = 9, 91- 100=10
Literature	
Main Literature:	Hamit Boriçi, Mark Marku,: Historia e shtypit shqiptar- nga fillimet deri në ditët tona, Tiranë, 2010. Hamit Boriçi: Një gjysmë shekulli publicistikë shqiptare (1848-1997), Tiranë 1997. Grup autorësh: Histori e letërsisë shqiptare", Tiranë 1983.
Additional Literature:	Ernest Koliqi: Shejzat, Romë, 1957. Faik Konica: Vepra 3,4, (Publicistikë dhe Letërkëmbim), Dudaj, Tiranë, 2001. Sami Frashëri, Shqipëria dhe shqiptarët,Tiranë, 2002. Fan. S. Noli, Vepra 4,6 (Publicistikë dhe letërkëmbim), Dudaj, 2003. Tajar Zavalani, Misioni i shekullit XX, Phonix dhe Shtëpia e Librit, Tiranë, 1999. Petro Marko, Intervistë me vetveten (Retë dhe gurët), OMSCA, Tiranë. Ismail Kadare, Ftesë në studio,Rilindja, Prishtinë, 1996.

Designed lesson plan:				
Week	Lectures	Practice		
First Week:	General presentation of the subject, Definition of journalism and its history.	Publicistics - object of study, repetition		
Second Week:	The history, role and importance of Albanian journalism	The history of Albanian journalism, texts concrete, commentary analysis		
Third Week:	Albanian journalism - origin and development	Journalism - literature, analytical types of journalistic writing		
Fourth Week:	Albanian publicism in the Renaissance period - in the Ottoman Empire.	Analysis and comments of the works of Sami Frashëri, "Albania what has been, what is and what will become" and Mehdi		



	Publicistka in the Albanian colonies	Frashëri, "Albanian problems". Discussions and comments about journalism in the
Fifth Week:	of Romania, Bulgaria and Egypt.	Albanian colonies of Romania, Bulgaria and Egypt.
Sixth Week:	Albanian journalism in Europe and America: Faik Konica and Fan Noli.	Readings, analysis and comments on the journalistic texts of Noli and Konica.
Seventh Week:	Albanian journalism in the years 1912-24	Albanian journalism after the declaration of Independence, characteristics
Eightth Week:	First evaluation test	Preparation for the first exam
Ninth Week:	Journalistic models of the period of Independence and the division of Albanian lands	Comparative analysis of journalistic writings and observations
Tenth Week:	Albanian journalism in the years 1925-1939 (The first press towards modernism)	Journalism and technology modern communication
Eleventh Week:	Publicity models: Mihal Grameno, Branko Merxhani, Vangjel Korça The Albanian press divided between the ''old-timers'' and ''young'')	Readings and comments of Mihal's journalistic texts Gramenos, Branko Merxhani and Vangjel Korça
Twelfth Week:	Personalities in journalism: Gjergj Fishta, Ndre Mjeda, Hafiz Ali Korça, Ibrahim Dalliu''	Analysis of journalistic texts of Gjergj Fishta, Ndre Mjeda, Hafiz Ali Korça and Ibrahim Dalli.
Thirteenth Week:	Journalism in the period of the Second World War The press under fascist occupation;	Researches- Interpretations-Evaluations of journalism in the period of the Second World War
Fourteenth Week:	Albanian journalism in the period of communism in Albania.	The role and importance of the newspapers "Rilindja", "Peparimi", "Pioneri", "Jeta e re".
Fifteenth Week:	Second evaluation test	Summary of the subject



Academic policies and rules of conduct:

There will be no tolerance for "borrowing" from the internet or anywhere else. The same or similar works will also be punished. It is recommended that the works submitted be computer written.

- Students must adhere to the rules established according to the UPZ Statute and the regulations and decisions approved by the UPZ Senate and the teaching council.
- Each student is expected to be on time.
- Every student is expected to attend every lecture.
- Due to the nature and way of learning in this subject, coming to class and actively participating in the discussion is of particular importance.